

**ATTESTATION REPORT
OF
THURSTON COUNTY COURT
JANUARY 1, 2017, THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2018**

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Issued on June 26, 2019

THURSTON COUNTY COURT

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THURSTON COUNTY COURT

COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

During our examination of the Thurston County Court, we noted a certain deficiency and other operational matters that are presented here. The following comment is required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and is considered to be a material weakness.

This comment and recommendation is intended to improve the internal control over financial reporting or result in operational efficiencies in the following area:

Segregation of Duties

Good internal control includes a plan of organization, procedures, and documentation designed to safeguard assets and to provide reliable financial records. A system of internal control should include a proper segregation of duties, so no one individual is capable of handling all phases of a transaction from beginning to end.

We noted that the office of the County Court lacked a sufficient segregation of duties, as one person was capable of handling all aspects of processing transactions from beginning to end. A lack of segregation of duties increases the risk of possible errors or irregularities; however, due to a limited number of personnel, an adequate segregation of duties may not be possible without additional cost. Further, personnel are under the direction of both the Nebraska State Court Administrator and the Presiding Judge.

We have included this comment in previous examinations.

Furthermore, we noted that one of four case balances tested had restitution, totaling \$50, received by the County Court in April 2018; however, the County Court did not remit the restitution to the victim until April 2019. When restitution is not paid to victims in a timely manner, there is an increased risk of loss or misuse of funds.

We recommend the County Court and the Nebraska State Court Administrator review this situation. As always, the cost of hiring additional personnel versus the benefit of a proper segregation of duties must be weighed. We also recommend procedures be established to ensure restitution is paid to victims in a timely manner.

It should be noted this report is critical in nature, as it contains only our comment and recommendation on the area noted for improvement and does not include our observations on any accounting strengths of the County Court.

Draft copies of this report were furnished to the County Court to provide management an opportunity to review the report and to respond to the comment and recommendation included in this report. The County Court declined to respond.



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THURSTON COUNTY COURT

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

Thurston County Court
Pender, Nebraska 68047

We have examined the accompanying Schedules of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Arising from Cash Transactions of the Thurston County Court as of and for the calendar years ending December 31, 2017, and December 31, 2018. The County Court's management is responsible for the Schedules based on the accounting system and procedures set forth in Note 1. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Schedules based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the standards applicable to attestation engagements contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Schedules are based on the accounting system and procedures set forth in Note 1, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the Schedules of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Arising from Cash Transactions. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Schedules, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the Schedules of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Arising from Cash Transactions for the calendar years ending December 31, 2017, and December 31, 2018, are based on the accounting system and procedures prescribed by the Nebraska Supreme Court, as set forth in Note 1, in all material respects.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we are required to report all deficiencies that are considered to be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control; fraud and noncompliance with provisions of laws or regulations that have a material effect on the Schedules of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Arising from Cash Transactions; and any other instances that warrant the attention of those charged with governance; noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, and abuse that has a material effect on the subject matter or an assertion about the subject matter of the examination engagement. We are also required to obtain and report the views of management concerning the findings, conclusions, and recommendations, as well as any planned corrective actions. We performed our examination to express an opinion on whether the Schedules are presented in

accordance with the criteria described above and not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the internal control over the Schedules or on compliance and other matters; accordingly, we express no such opinions. Our examination disclosed a certain finding that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, and that finding, along with the views of management, is described in the Comment Section of the report.

The purpose of this report is to express an opinion on the Schedules of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Arising from Cash Transactions, as described in paragraph one above. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose. This report is a matter of public record, and its distribution is not limited.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "C. J. Janssen", with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

June 17, 2019

Charlie Janssen
Auditor of Public Accounts
Lincoln, Nebraska

THURSTON COUNTY COURT
PENDER, NEBRASKA
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS
AGENCY FUNDS

For the Calendar Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Balance January 1, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2018
ASSETS				
Cash and Deposits	\$ 41,919	\$ 141,150	\$ 169,170	\$ 13,899
LIABILITIES				
Due to State Treasurer:				
Regular Fees	\$ 3,137	\$ 17,223	\$ 19,131	\$ 1,229
Law Enforcement Fees	127	1,454	1,471	110
State Judges Retirement Fund	653	7,326	7,410	569
Court Administrative Fees	1,038	12,634	13,053	619
Legal Services Fees	563	5,824	5,962	425
Due to County Treasurer:				
Regular Fines	2,365	28,497	28,517	2,345
Overload Fines	200	550	750	-
Regular Fees	134	5,023	4,861	296
Petty Cash Fund	50	-	-	50
Due to Municipalities:				
Regular Fines	-	650	350	300
Trust Fund Payable	33,652	61,969	87,665	7,956
Total Liabilities	\$ 41,919	\$ 141,150	\$ 169,170	\$ 13,899

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the schedule.

THURSTON COUNTY COURT
PENDER, NEBRASKA
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS
AGENCY FUNDS

For the Calendar Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Balance January 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2017
ASSETS				
Cash and Deposits	\$ 24,657	\$ 166,940	\$ 149,678	\$ 41,919
LIABILITIES				
Due to State Treasurer:				
Regular Fees	\$ 1,716	\$ 18,942	\$ 17,521	\$ 3,137
Law Enforcement Fees	114	1,387	1,374	127
State Judges Retirement Fund	457	6,333	6,137	653
Court Administrative Fees	591	14,709	14,262	1,038
Legal Services Fees	455	5,685	5,577	563
Due to County Treasurer:				
Regular Fines	2,671	28,466	28,772	2,365
Overload Fines	-	550	350	200
Regular Fees	741	6,413	7,020	134
Petty Cash Fund	50	-	-	50
Trust Fund Payable	17,862	84,455	68,665	33,652
Total Liabilities	\$ 24,657	\$ 166,940	\$ 149,678	\$ 41,919

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the schedule.

THURSTON COUNTY COURT
NOTES TO FINANCIAL SCHEDULES

For the Calendar Years Ending December 31, 2017, and December 31, 2018

1. Criteria

A. Reporting Entity

The Thurston County Court is established by State statute and is administratively operated through the Court Administrator's Office of the Nebraska Supreme Court, which is part of the State of Nebraska reporting entity. The Schedules of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Arising from Cash Transactions of the County Court reflect only the Agency Funds activity of the County Court, including the receipts and their subsequent disbursement to the appropriate entities for which they were collected. The Schedules do not reflect the personal services expenses of the County Court, which are paid by the Nebraska Supreme Court, or the operating expenses, which are paid by Thurston County.

B. Basis of Accounting

The accounting records of the County Court Agency Funds are maintained, and the Schedules of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Arising from Cash Transactions have been prepared, based on the accounting system and procedures prescribed by the Nebraska Supreme Court. Under this system of accounting, fines, fees, and receipts relating to trust funds are shown as additions to assets and as an increase in the related liability when received or collected. Likewise, disbursements are shown as deductions to assets and as a decrease in the related liability when a check is written.

2. Deposits and Investments

Funds held by the County Court are deposited and invested in accordance with rules issued by the Supreme Court, as directed by Neb. Rev. Stat. § 25-2713 (Reissue 2016). Funds are generally consolidated in an interest-bearing checking account; however, the County Court may order certain trust funds to be invested separately. Any deposits in excess of the amount insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation are required by Neb. Rev. Stat. § 77-2326.04 (Reissue 2018) to be secured either by a surety bond or as provided in the Public Funds Deposit Security Act.